

I. **Amendments to the Specification**

Please replace the specification with the following. A clean version of the amended specification is enclosed as Attachment A.

~~Seat belt tensioner with a belt coupling which can be actively disconnected~~

**A SEAT BELT PRETENSIONER COUPLING**

**CROSS REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS**

**[0001]** This application claims priority to German patent application number 103 53 770.8, filed November 18, 2003 and PCT/EP2004/012679, filed November 10, 2004.

**FIELD OF THE INVENTION**

**[0002]** The invention relates to ~~a seat belt tensioner comprising a motor vehicle seat belt retractor and a belt drive of a type having a pretensioner~~ which can be coupled to a belt shaft thereof by means of a tensioner pretensioner coupling, said tensioner. The pretensioner coupling comprising of at least one having a coupling latch movably arranged between a release position and an engagement position, said position. The coupling latch producing a load-transmitting connection between the belt shaft and belt pretensioner drive when in its engagement position and moving forcibly controlled out of the engagement position and into the release position at the conclusion of the coupling movement.

## BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

**[0003]** A seat-belt ~~tensioner~~ retractor having the above features is described in EP 0 737 606 A1. If, in this type of seat-belt ~~tensioner~~ pretensioner, the drive connection between the ~~belt~~ pretensioner drive and belt shaft is established only by activating a coupling so that the belt shaft can rotate unobstructed in normal operation, then this condition of unobstructed rotatability of the belt shaft must also be again ensured after a coupling step has occurred so that, in the event that the seat-belt ~~tensioner~~ pretensioner has been equipped with a force-limiting device for example which allows controlled extraction of belt webbing, this device can ~~exercise its effect~~ operate unimpaired following the coupling step. In the known seat-belt ~~tensioner~~ pretensioner, a cage is detachably fastened to the housing to develop the forcibly controlled return of the coupling latch out of its load-transmitting engaged state into its release state, this cage being provided with both insertion surfaces and drive-out surfaces that respectively cooperate with trigger ramps and drive-out ramps configured on the coupling latches.

**[0004]** The known seat-belt ~~tensioner~~ pretensioner has the disadvantage that the design of the cage with different control surfaces on the one hand and the design of ramps of different fitting arrangements on the coupling latches on the other hand is complicated and costly to manufacture and assemble, so that the invention addresses the problem of simplifying the drive-out of the coupling latch after the coupling step has terminated in a seat-belt ~~tensioner~~ pretensioner having features of the type ~~in question~~ described above.

~~\_[0005] The solution of this problem, including advantageous embodiments and further developments of the invention, emerges from the content of the claims that follow this description.~~

#### SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

[0005] In the basic concept of the invention, an inertial mass is mounted on the belt shaft, this inertial mass being rotationally arranged in relation to the belt shaft and being rotationally displaced in the direction of winding when the belt drive is released from the belt shaft, and that the coupling latch is coupled to the inertial mass in such a manner that the inertial mass, which runs behind and has a greater rotational speed than the belt shaft at the end of the coupling step, drives the coupling latch out of its engagement position. The invention ~~is associated with~~ has the advantage that, as additional components for the return of the coupling latch at the termination of the coupling step, only the inertial mass must be provided ~~and mounted~~, whereby a suitable actuating member for cooperating with the inertial mass must be provided on the coupling latch. This ensures a simpler construction of the ~~tensioner~~ pretensioner coupling, even from the viewpoint of an active return of the coupling latch after the end of the coupling step.

[0006] In a ~~concrete~~ one embodiment, the invention provides that the coupling latch, which is radially arranged to swing between the release position and the engagement position, engages a radial cam track arranged in the inertial mass using a pin on the arm located at an axial distance from the

coupling latch engagement region. In addition to the additional disk cam track already mentioned, it is only necessary to ~~attach the pin to~~ provide the coupling latch. This will not significantly increase the cost of ~~adapting the tensioner coupling~~ seat belt retractor.

**[0007]** It can be provided that the radial cam track is arranged in the inertial mass with such a shape that, after the release of the belt pretensioner drive, the pin of the coupling latch, ~~this pin~~ being located in the radial cam track and the coupling latch having been driven out of its engagement position, takes along and accelerates the inertial mass in the direction of winding of the belt shaft, and that the pin migrates into the radial cam until reaching an end position when the rotational speed of the belt shaft slows down, thereby radially swinging the coupling latch from the engagement position into the release position.

#### DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

**[0008]** The drawing depicts an exemplary embodiment of the invention, which is described below. The drawing shows:

**[0009]** Figure 1 illustrates the coupling side of a seat-belt tensioner pretensioner ~~comprising~~ with the belt shaft and belt drive pulled apart in the drawing,

**[0010]** Figure 2 shows the seat-belt tensioner pretensioner in an assembled state when the belt shaft and belt drive are engaged.

## DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

**[0011]**     A retractor having features of this invention includes a belt shaft 10 which has seat belt webbing (not shown) wrapped thereon. Belt shaft 10 rotates in a retractor frame (not shown) mounted to the associated vehicle. The belt shaft 10 visible in Figure 1 has a shaft extension 11, which in turn ~~consists of~~ forms a coupling neck 12 and a mounting extension 13 attached radially thereto.

**[0012]**     A belt pretensioner drive configured as having a drivewheel 25 is rotationally mounted on the coupling neck 12 of the shaft extension 11, whereby the drivewheel ~~demonstrates~~ forms dome-shaped recesses, indicated by 26, for accommodating drive bodies (not illustrated), preferably mass spheres. ~~A sphere tensioner as belt drive for~~ pretensioner which include drivewheel 25 which drives the belt shaft 10 rotationally is adequately known from the prior art.

**[0013]**     A coupling latch 14, which ~~demonstrates~~ forms a mounting region 15 and an engagement region 16, is arranged between the central mounting recess 27, by which the drivewheel 25 is mounted on the coupling neck 12 of the belt shaft 10, and the coupling neck 12. A recess 17 for accommodating the coupling latch 14 is disposed on the inside wall of the drivewheel 25 that surrounds the mounting recess 27, ~~and this recess~~ 27. Recess 17 is dimensioned in such a way that the coupling latch 14 lies in the non-engagement position in the recess 17 so that the coupling neck 12 of the belt shaft 10 can rotate freely in the mounting recess 27 of the drivewheel 25.

**[0014]** To produce the coupling connection between belt shaft 10 and drivewheel 25, the perimeter of the coupling neck 12 of the belt shaft 10 is provided with a notch 18 to accommodate the engagement region 16 of the coupling latch 14 so ~~that the mounting region 15 engages the notch 18 of the coupling neck 12~~ that when the coupling latch 14 swings out of its position in the recess 17, ~~so that the coupling latch braces~~ or locks itself between recess 17 and notch 18, thereby producing the rotational coupling connection.

**[0015]** An inertial mass 19 is rotationally mounted on the mounting extension 13 axially next to the drivewheel 25, ~~this inertial mass demonstrating and forms~~ a radial cam track 20 which is engaged by a pin 21 of coupling latch 14 located at an axial distance from the ~~coupling latch 14 mounting region 15 and engagement region 16~~. Radial cam track 20 forms a spiral shaped groove having a varying distance from the rotational axis of belt shaft 10. Cam track 20 forms end surfaces 22 and 23, with end 23 further from the rotational axis than end 22. In its rest position, the inertial mass 19 is arranged in such a manner that the pin 21 rests ~~on~~ at the end 23 of the radial cam track 20, ~~thereby fixing which positions~~ the coupling latch 14 in the recess 17 and ~~thereby~~ out of engagement with the notch 18.

**[0016]** If the drivewheel 25 rotates when the ~~tensioner~~ pretensioner device is ~~released~~ activated to wind the seat belt in, then this relative motion relative to the inertial mass 19, which resists rotating due to its moment of inertia is still standing still, will result in an immediate swinging of the coupling latch 14 and to its engagement position, engaging with the ~~mounting region 15~~

in the notch 18. This occurs since pin 21 is driven toward track end 22. The coupling connection produced in this manner converts the further rotation of the drivewheel 25 into rotation in the same direction as that of the belt shaft 10. If the rotational speed of belt shaft 10 and drivewheel 25 declines at the end of the coupling step, then the inertial mass 19 will continue to rotate with approximately constant speed because of its rotational inertia, so that the pin 21 of the coupling latch 14 relocates within the radial cam track 20 at the other end 23 of the radial cam track as the relative speed between belt shaft 10, drivewheel 25 and inertial mass 19 increases. This brings the coupling latch 14 actively out of engagement with the notch 18 of the coupling neck 12 and returns it back into position outside within the recess 17. In that position, drivewheel 25 can rotate relative to belt shaft 10.

**[0017]** The features of the subject matter of these documents disclosed in the present description, claims, abstract and drawing may be essential to the realization of the invention in its various embodiments both individually and in arbitrary combinations with each other.